

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION

8050 WEST FLORISSANT AVE.
ST. LOUIS, MO 63136



DATE: 5/3/2021

P.O. NO.: HF16
Order/Line NO.: 26848 MN 100

TO:

Model Number: HF16
Catalog Number: HO200P2SLG
VHS Weather Protected
CONF,MOTOR,VHS WPI

REVISIONS:
(NONE)

**ALL DOCUMENTS HEREIN ARE CONSIDERED CERTIFIED BY NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION.
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ORDER AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO SERVE YOU.**

Features:

Horsepower 00200.00~00000.00 ~ KW: 149.2
Enclosure WPI
Poles 04~00 ~ RPM: 1800~0
Frame Size H445~TP
Phase/Frequency/Voltage.. 3~060~460
Winding Type Random Wound
Service Factor 1.15
Insulation Class Class "F" ~ Insulife 1000
Altitude In Feet (Max) .. 3300 Ft.(1000 M) ~ +40 C
Efficiency Class Premium Efficiency
Application Unknown
Customer Part Number
16.5" Base ~ Coupling Size: 1-11/16" Bore, 3/8" Key
Non-Reverse Ratchet ~ Steady Bushing Not Requested
Pricebook Thrust Value (lbs).. 9800
Customer Down Thrust (lbs) ... 9800
Customer Shutoff Thrust (lbs).
Up Thrust (lbs): ~
Temperature Rise (Sine Wave): "F" Rise @ SF (Resist)
Starting Method PWS (Dual Volt-Low Volt Only)
Duty Cycle Continuous Duty
Efficiency Value 95.8 % ~ Typical
Load Inertia: NEMA ~ Standard Inertia: 831.00 LB-FT²
Number Of Starts Per Hour: NEMA
Motor Type Code RUS
Rotor Inertia (LB-FT²) 32.9 LB-FT²
Qty. of Bearings PE (Shaft) 1
Qty. of Bearings SE (OPP) 1
Bearing Number PE (Shaft) 6215-J
Bearing Number SE (OPP) 7322 BEM

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Accessories:

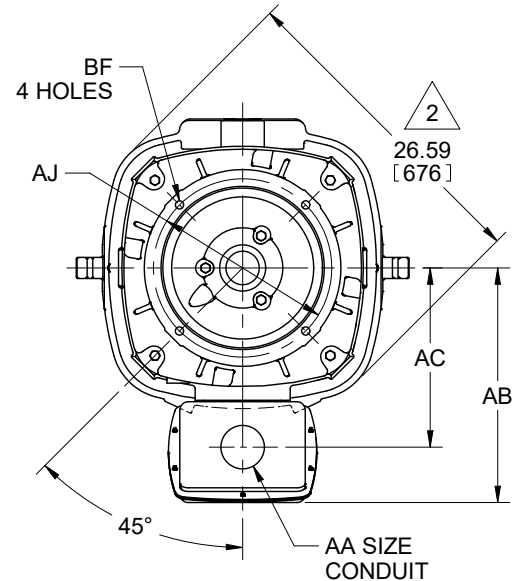
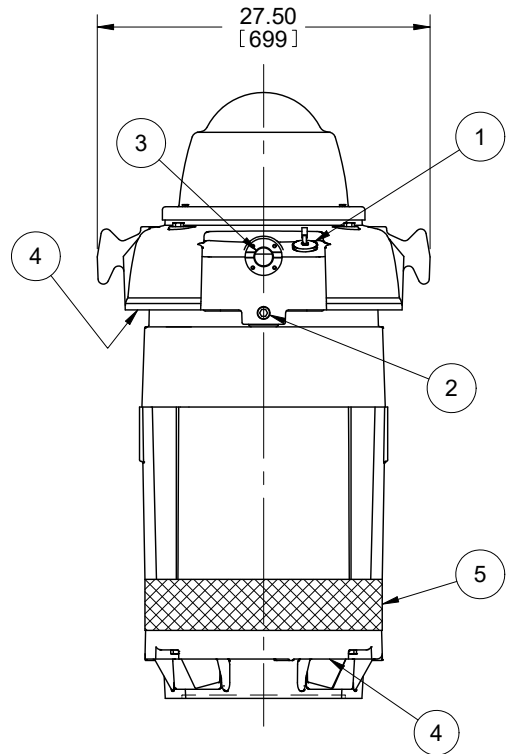
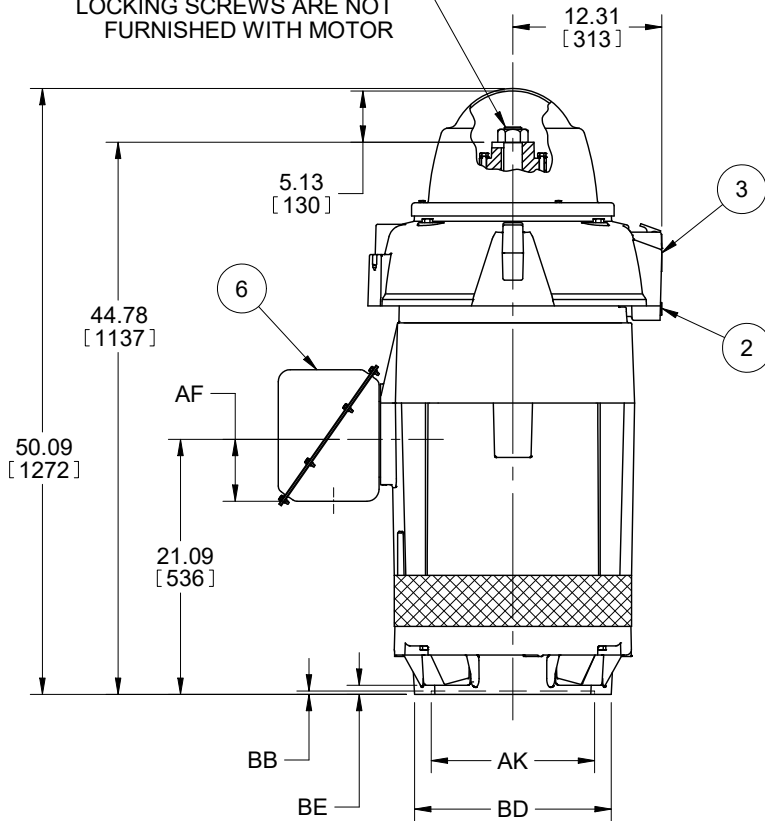
Counter CW Rotation FODE
115 Volt Space Heaters
Special Balance
Stamp Following On Main N/P:
100% HT
Shipping Weight in lbs: 1600
Shipping Mass in KG: 730
Standard Leadtime: NA
Est. Weight (lbs ea): 1600 ~ F.O.B.:

USE THE DATA PROVIDED BELOW TO SELECT THE APPROPRIATE DIMENSION PRINT

Horsepower	200
Pole(s)	04
Voltage(s)	460
Frame Size	H445TP
Outlet Box AF	5.13
Outlet Box AA	3.00

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PUMP SHAFT, ADJUSTING NUT AND
LOCKING SCREWS ARE NOT
FURNISHED WITH MOTOR



FRAME	UNITS	BD MAX
H444, H445TP	IN	16.50
	MM	419
H444, H445TPA	IN	20.00
	MM	508

UNITS	C/BOX VOLUME (CU. IN.)	AA	AB	AC	AF
IN	860	3.00	19.38	14.81	5.13
MM			492	376	130

UNITS	AJ	AK +.005	BB MIN	BE	BF
IN	14.750	13.500	.25	.75	.688
MM	374.65	342.9	6	19	17.48

1. CONDUIT OPENING MAY BE LOACTED IN STEPS
OF 90 DEGREES. STANDARD AS SHOWN WITH
CONDUIT OPENING DOWN.

2 LARGEST MOTOR WIDTH.

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND MILLIMETERS
(TOLERANCES ARE IN INCHES)

FEATURE LISTING

1	UPPER SUMP OIL FILL	6	MAIN CONDUIT BOX
2	UPPER SUMP OIL DRAIN		
3	UPPER SUMP SIGHT WINDOW		
4	AIR INTAKE		
5	AIR EXHAUST, 360° AROUND		

TOLERANCES	
FACE RUNOUT	.007 TIR
PERMISSIBLE ECCENTRICITY OF MOUNTING RABBIT	.007 TIR
MAXIMUM SHAFT END PLAY	.010
NON-MACHINED DIMENSIONS MAY VARY BY ±.25	

09-3403/A

Nidec Motor Corporation
St. Louis, Missouri

INFORMATION DISCLOSED ON THIS DOCUMENT
IS CONSIDERED PROPRIETARY AND SHALL NOT BE
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CONSENT OF NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION



ISSUED BY
K. FRIEDMAN
APPROVED BY
T. COLOMA

IHP_DP_NMCA (MAR-2011) SOLIDEDGE

NAMEPLATE DATA

CATALOG NUMBER:		HO200P2SLG		NAMEPLATE PART #:		422703-007	
MODEL	HF16	FR	H445TP	TYPE	RUS	ENCL	WPI
SHAFT END BRG		6215-J - QTY 1		OPP END BRG		7322 BEM - QTY 1	
PH	3	MAX AMB	40 C	ID#			
INSUL CLASS	F	Asm. Pos.			DUTY	CONT	
HP	200	RPM	1785	HP		RPM	
VOLTS	460			VOLTS			
FL AMPS	225.0			FL AMPS			
SF AMPS	258.0			SF AMPS			
SF	1.15	DESIGN	B	CODE	G		
NEMA NOM EFFICIENCY	95.8	NOM PF	87.3	KiloWatt	149.20		
GUARANTEED EFFICIENCY	95.0	MAX KVAR	43.6	HZ	60		

HAZARDOUS LOCATION DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

DIVISION		CLASS I		GROUP I	
TEMP CODE		CLASS II		GROUP II	



VFD DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

VOLTS		AMPS	
TORQUE 1		TORQUE 2	
VFD LOAD TYPE 1		VFD LOAD TYPE 2	
VFD HERTZ RANGE 1		VFD HERTZ RANGE 2	
VFD SPEED RANGE 1		VFD SPEED RANGE 2	
SERVICE FACTOR		FL SLIP	
NO. POLES	4	MAGNETIZING AMPS	64.4
VECTOR MAX RPM		Encoder PPR	
Radians / Seconds		Encoder Volts	

TEAO DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

HP (AIR OVER)		HP (AIR OVER M/S)		RPM (AIR OVER)		RPM (AIR OVER M/S)	
FPM AIR VELOCITY		FPM AIR VELOCITY M/S		FPM AIR VELOCITY SEC			

ADDITIONAL NAMEPLATE DATA:

Decal / Plate	WD=165975,CP=132839	Customer PN	
Notes		Non Rev Ratchet	NRR
Max Temp Rise		OPP/Upper Oil Cap	5.5 QT/5.2 L
Thermal (WDG)		SHAFT/Lower Oil Cap	GREASE
Altitude		Usable At	
Regulatory Notes		Regulatory Compliance	
COS		Marine Duty	
Balance	0.08 IN/SEC	Arctic Duty	
3/4 Load Eff.	95.9	Inrush Limit	
Motor Weight (LBS)	1600	Direction of Rotation	
Sound Level		Special Note 1	
Vertical Thrust (LBS)	9800	Special Note 2	
Thrust Percentage		Special Note 3	
Bearing Life		Special Note 4	
Starting Method		Special Note 5	
Number of Starts		Special Note 6	100% HT
200/208V 60Hz Max Amps		SH Max. Temp.	
190V 50 hz Max Amps		SH Voltage	SH VOLTS=115V
380V 50 Hz Max Amps		SH Watts	SH WATTS=192W
NEMA Inertia		Load Inertia	
Sumpheater Voltage		Sumpheater Wattage	
Special Accessory Note 1		Special Accessory Note 16	
Special Accessory Note 2		Special Accessory Note 17	
Special Accessory Note 3		Special Accessory Note 18	
Special Accessory Note 4		Special Accessory Note 19	
Special Accessory Note 5		Special Accessory Note 20	
Special Accessory Note 6		Special Accessory Note 21	
Special Accessory Note 7		Special Accessory Note 22	
Special Accessory Note 8		Special Accessory Note 23	
Special Accessory Note 9		Special Accessory Note 24	
Special Accessory Note 10		Special Accessory Note 25	
Special Accessory Note 11		Special Accessory Note 26	
Special Accessory Note 12		Special Accessory Note 27	
Special Accessory Note 13		Special Accessory Note 28	
Special Accessory Note 14		Special Accessory Note 29	
Special Accessory Note 15		Special Accessory Note 30	
Heater in C/B Voltage		Heater in C/B Watts	
Zone 2 Group		Division 2 Service Factor	
Note 1		Note 2	
Note 3		Note 4	
Note 5		Note 6	
Note 7		Note 8	
Note 9		Note 10	
Note 11		Note 12	
Note 13		Note 14	
Note 15		Note 16	
Note 17		Note 18	
Note 19		Note 20	
Note 21		Note 22	

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
ST. LOUIS, MO

TYPICAL NAMEPLATE DATA
ACTUAL MOTOR NAMEPLATE LAYOUT MAY VARY
SOME FIELDS MAY BE OMITTED



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MOTOR PERFORMANCE

MODEL NO.	CATALOG NO.	PHASE	TYPE	FRAME
HF16	HO200P2SLG	3	RUS	H445TP
ORDER NO.		26848	LINE NO.	
MPI:			280756	287702
HP:			200	200
POLES:			4	4
VOLTS:			460	440
HZ:			60	60
SERVICE FACTOR:			1.15	1.15
EFFICIENCY (%):				
S.F.			95.4	94.7
FULL			95.4	95
3/4			95.9	95.5
1/2			95.5	95.1
1/4			92.8	92.3
POWER FACTOR (%):				
S.F.			87.6	88.1
FULL			87.3	88.2
3/4			85.2	87.1
1/2			79	82.5
1/4			59.9	66
NO LOAD			4.7	6.1
LOCKED ROTOR			28.6	28.8
AMPS:				
S.F.			258	270
FULL			225	234
3/4			172	177
1/2			124	125
1/4			84	80
NO LOAD			64.4	56.6
LOCKED ROTOR			1427.6	1338
NEMA CODE LETTER			G	F
NEMA DESIGN LETTER			B	B
FULL LOAD RPM			1785	1780
NEMA NOMINAL / EFFICIENCY (%)			95.8	95.8
GUARANTEED EFFICIENCY (%)			95	95
MAX KVAR			43.6	36.7
AMBIENT (°C)			40	60
ALTITUDE (FASL)			3300	3300
SAFE STALL TIME-HOT (SEC)			19	19
SOUND PRESSURE (DBA @ 1M)			70	70
TORQUES:				
BREAKDOWN{% F.L.}			235	212
LOCKED ROTOR{% F.L.}			175	156
FULL LOAD{LB-FT}			589	590.1

NEMA Nominal and Guaranteed Efficiencies are up to 3,300 feet above sea level and 25 ° C ambient

The Above Data Is Typical, Sinewave Power Unless Noted Otherwise

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
ST. LOUIS, MO



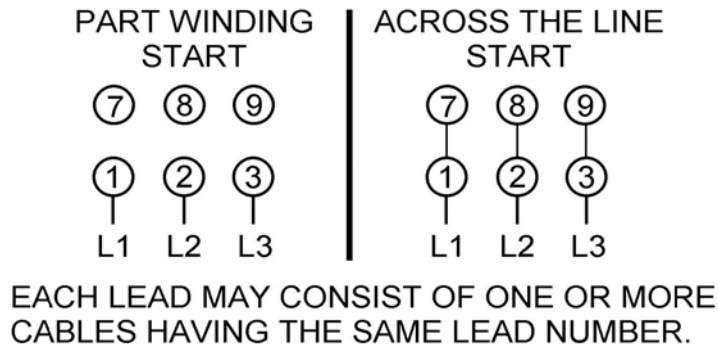
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165975

Motor Wiring Diagram

Single Voltage, Wye or Delta Connection Part Winding Start (PWS)
Or
Full Winding – Across the Line Start



Per NEMA MG1 1998-1.75, "A Part-winding Start motor is one which certain specially designed circuits of each phase of the primary winding are initially connected to the supply line. The remaining circuit or circuits of each phase are connected to the supply in parallel with initially connected circuits, at a predetermined point in the starting operation." This is intended to limit the inrush current required to start the motor. NEMA MG1 1998-14.38 states that the motor may not accelerate to full speed in part-winding and may be noisier than when on full winding.

Motors designed by US Motors for Part-winding Start also be used for across the line starting using only the full winding connection. Damage will occur if the motor is operated with load for more than 2 seconds on Part-winding without transition to full winding.

To reverse direction of rotation, interchange leads L1 & L2.

Each lead may have one or more cables comprising that lead. In such case, each cable will be marked with the appropriate lead number.



165975

SPECIAL INFORMATION REGARDING PART WINDING STARTING

This motor is not designed to fully accelerate when started with the part winding start connection shown on the motor connection diagram. In order to avoid damaging the motor when it is started with the part winding start connection, set timers so that the motor starter switches the motor connection from start to run within two seconds from the time that the motor is initially energized. The motor is not expected to fully accelerate before the motor connection is switched to run, but the momentary operation on the start connection should allow time for automatic voltage regulators on the power system to compensate for voltage dip resulting from the high current draw of the motor during acceleration. Thus, voltage dip in the power system will be minimized through proper use of the part winding start connection. Once the motor has been switched over to the run connection, it will finish accelerating up to full speed.

During the time that the motor is operated on the part winding start connection, it is expected that the motor may be noisier than when operated on the run connection and it is also expected that the line amp unbalance between phases may be approximately 100% to 150%. This is due to the adverse effect of harmonics that result from the unbalanced magnetic circuit on the part winding start connection.

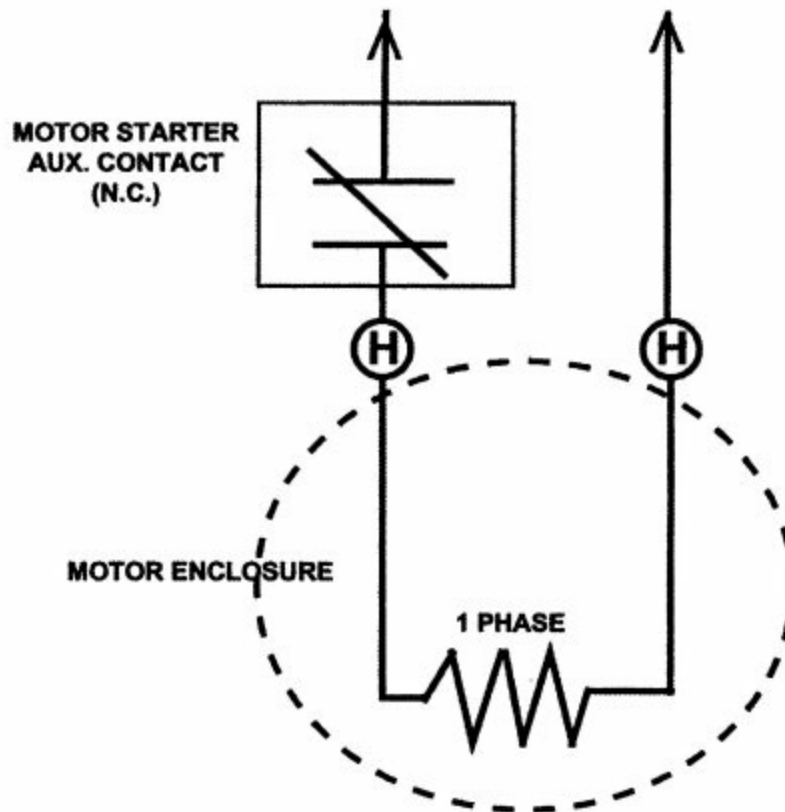
For further information regarding characteristics of polyphase induction motors when operated on a part winding start connection, refer to NEMA Publication MG 1-1998 Part 14.38.



970798

SPACE HEATER CONNECTION DIAGRAM

SPACE HEATER LEADS MAY BE LOCATED IN EITHER THE MAIN OUTLET BOX
OR IF SO EQUIPPED, AN AUXILIARY BOX



THIS EQUIPMENT IS SUPPLIED WITH ANTI-
CONDENSATION HEATERS. HEATERS
SHOULD BE ENERGIZED WHEN EQUIPMENT
IS NOT OPERATING TO PROTECT UNIT BY
PREVENTING INTERNAL CONDENSATION.
CONNECT THE "H" OR HEATER
LEADS TO

115V VOLTS	192W WATTS RATING
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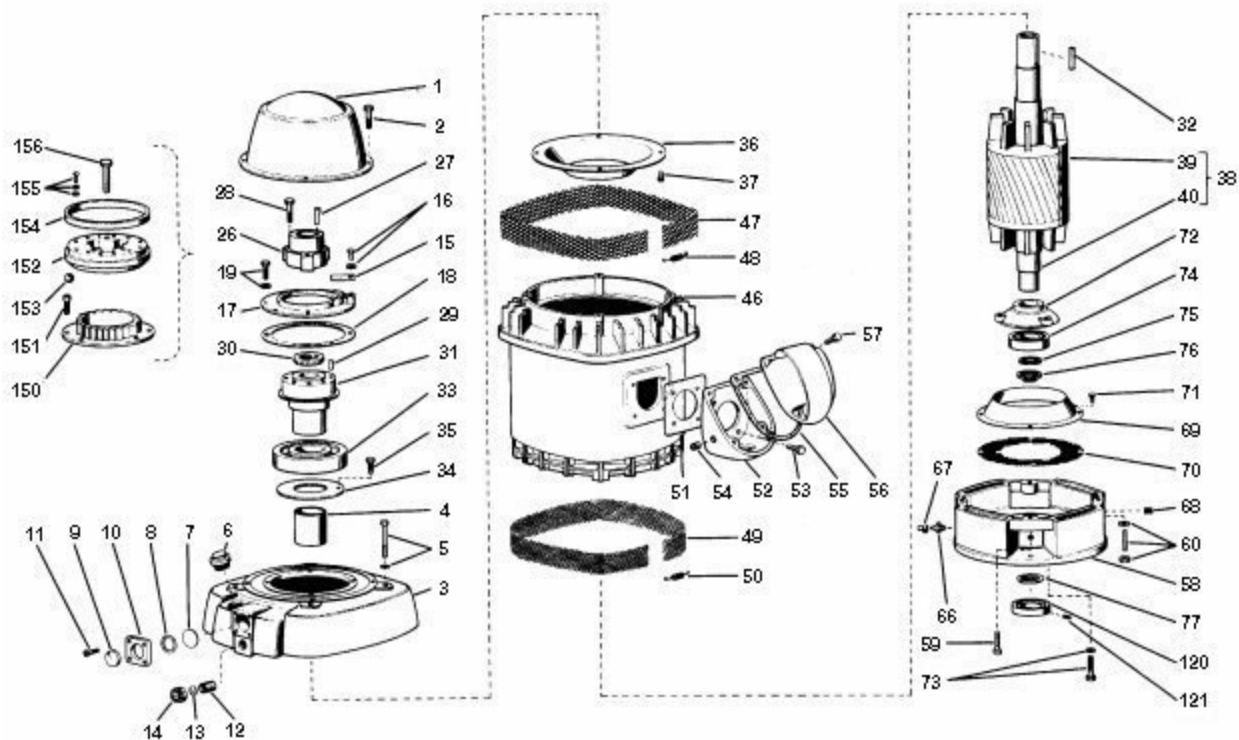
SPACE HEATER NAMEPLATE (ON MOTOR)

Revision: 7/30/2008
Mike Cullen

RENEWAL PARTS

FRAMES 324 THRU 447 - OPEN DRIPPROOF MOTORS
TYPES: RU, RUE, RUI, RUS, RUSI, RV, RV4, RVE, RVE4, RVI, RVI4, RVS, RVS4

HIGH THRUST - WEATHER PROTECTED TYPE 1 - P BASE
HOLLOSHAFT & SOLIDSHAFT MOTORS



ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
1	1	Canopy Cap
2	3	Hex Head Screws (Canopy Cap)
3	1	Upper Bracket Assembly
4	1	Oil Retaining Tube
5	4	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher (Bracket to Stator)
6	1	Special Plug
7	1	Reflector Disc
8	2	Gasket - Sight Gauge
9	1	Sight Gauge Window
10	1	Sight Gauge Housing
11	4	Oval Head Screw (Sight Gauge)
12	1	Nipple Fitting (Oil Drain)
13	1	Gasket or "O" Ring

WARNING:

Any disassembly or repair work on explosionproof motors will void the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. label unless done by the manufacturer, or a facility approved by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Refer to your nearest sales office for assistance.

BEARINGS:

Refer to motor nameplate for the bearing numbers.

PRICES:

Parts stocking distributors: refer to renewal parts numerical index. All Others: refer to your nearest parts distributor.

ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
14	1	Drain Cap
15	1	Locking Arm
16	1	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher
17	1	Dust Ring
18	1	Gasket (Dust Ring)
19	3	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher
20-25	-	NOT USED THIS ASSEMBLY
26	1	Coupling (RU & RUE only)
27	1	Gib Key
28	3	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher (Bearing Mounting)
29	3	Spring Pin
30	1	Locknut / Lockwasher

reference: Renewal Parts Section 700, Pages 149 & 150

RENEWAL PARTS

FRAMES 324 THRU 447 - OPEN DRIPPROOF MOTORS
TYPES: RU, RUE, RUI, RUS, RUSI, RV, RV4, RVE, RVE4, RVI, RVI4, RVS, RVS4

HIGH THRUST - WEATHER PROTECTED TYPE 1 - P BASE
HOLLOSHAFT & SOLIDSHAFT MOTORS

ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
31	1	Bearing Mounting
32	1	Square Key
33	1	Ball Bearing (Upper) (Refer to Section 775)
34	1	Metering Plate (Used on 444 & 445 frames only)
35	1	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher (Used on 444 & 445 frames only)
36	1	Air Deflector (Upper)
37	7	Self-Tapping Screw (Air Deflector) Use Qty. 8 on 404 & 405 frame & Qty. 6 on 444 & 445 frame
38	1	Rotor Assembly (Includes items 39 & 40)
39	1	Rotor Core
40	1	Rotor Shaft
41-45	-	NOT USED THIS ASSEMBLY
46	1	Wound Stator Assembly
47	1	Grill (Upper Fane)
48	1	Expansion Spring
49	1	Grill (Lower Frame)
50	1	Expansion Spring
51	1	Gasket (Outlet Box Base)
52	1	Outlet Box Base
53	4	Hex Head Cap Screw
54	1	Hex Head Countersunk Pipe Plug
55	1	Gasket (Outlet Box Cover)
56	1	Outlet Box Cover
57	4	Hex Head Cap Screw (Outlet Box Cover)
58	1	Lower Bracket "P" Base
59	4	Hex Head Cap Screw (Not used on 404 & 405 frames)
60	4	Stud / Nut & Washer (Used on 404 & 405 frames only)

WARNING:

Any disassembly or repair work on explosionproof motors will void the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. label unless done by the manufacturer, or a facility approved by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Refer to your nearest sales office for assistance.

BEARINGS:

Refer to motor nameplate for the bearing numbers.

PRICES:

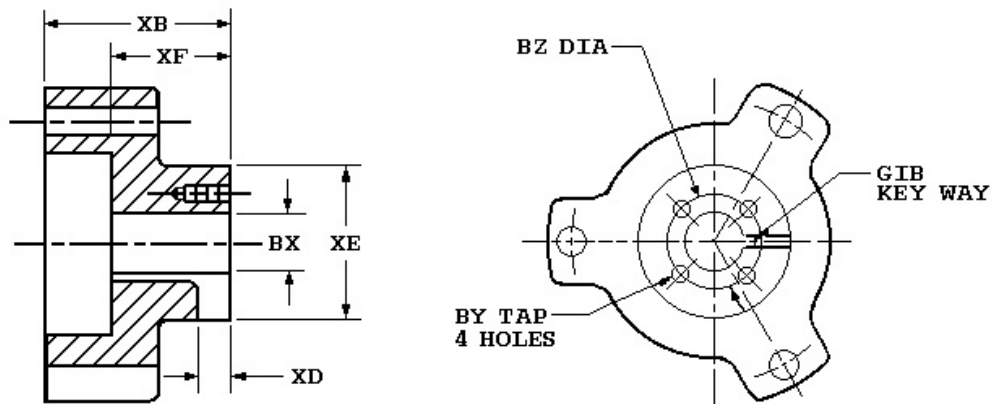
Parts stocking distributors: refer to renewal parts numerical index. All Others: refer to your nearest parts distributor.

ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
61-65	-	NOT USED THIS ASSEMBLY
66	1	Grease Fitting
67	1	Plastic Cap (Used on frames 404, 405, 444 & 445 only)
68	1	Pipe Plug
69	1	Lower Air Deflector
70	1	Lower Screen
71	4	Hex Head Cap Screw & Lockwasher (Qty. 8 on 404 & 405 frames, Qty. 6 on 444 & 445 frames)
72	1	Lower Bearing Cap
73	3	Hex Head Cap Screw / Lockwasher
74	1	Ball Bearing (Lower) (Refer to Section 775)
75	1	Bearing Spacer (Lower)
76	1	Snap Ring
77	1	Water Deflector
FOR UNITS WITH STABILIZER BUSHINGS, OMIT ITEM NO. 77 & ADD THE FOLLOWING:		
120	1	Stabilizer Bushing
121	2	Socket Set Screws
FOR UNITS WITH NON-REVERSE RATCHETS, OMIT ITEM NO.'s 15, 17 & 19 AND ADD THE FOLLOWING:		
150	1	Stationary Ratchet
151	3	Socket Head Cap Screws
152	1	Rotating Ratchet
153	12	Steel Balls
154	1	Ball Retaining Ring
155	6	Round Head Machine Screws, Lockwasher & Plain Washers
156	3	Hex Head Cap Screws

reference: Renewal Parts Section 700, Pages 149 & 150

Vertical HOLLOSHAFT Coupling Dimensions

Standard Coupling Dimensions



Coupling Part Number	132578
BX Nominal	1 11/16
Actual Bore	1.687
BY	1/4-20
BZ	2 1/2
XB	4
XD	17/32
XE	3 11/16
XF	2 7/8
SQ. KEY	3/8

Notes:

1. All Rough casting dimensions may vary by 0.25" due to casting variations.
2. All tapped holes are Unified National Course, Right Hand thread.
3. Coupling bore dimension "BX" is machined with a tolerance of - .000", +.001" up to 1.50" bore inclusive. Larger bores: -.000", +.002".



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TYPICAL REED CRITICAL FREQUENCY DATA

Note: Motor RCF Test Data can be provided at time of motor shipment through special test.
Please contact your Nidec Motor Corporation representative for more information.

MODEL NO: HF16
CATALOG NO: HO200P2SLG

Frame: H445TP Type: RUS

REED CRITICAL FREQUENCY:	34	HZ
CENTER OF GRAVITY:	21	IN
DEFLECTION @ CENTER OF GRAVITY:	0.00847	IN
UNIT WEIGHT:	1700	LBS
BASE DIAMETER:	16.5	IN
TOLERANCE ON RCF VALUE:	10%	
DATE:	5/3/2021	



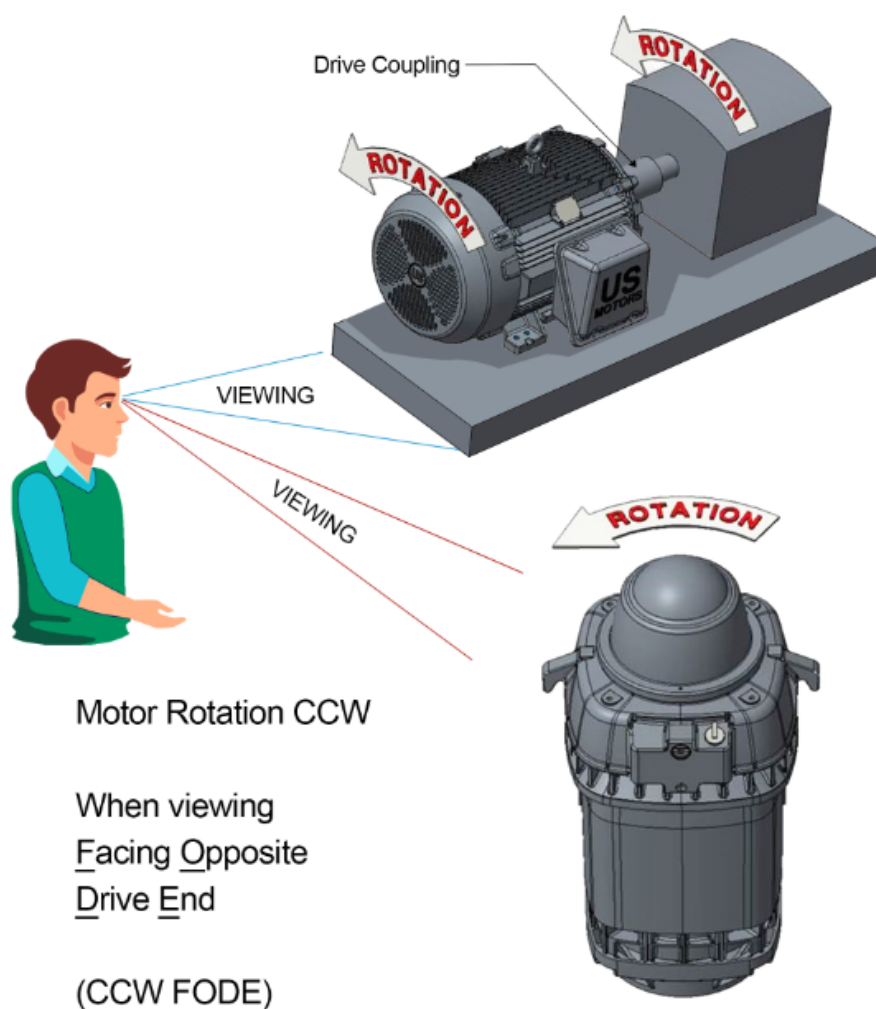
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DIRECTION OF ROTATION

This motor is unidirectional and can only be operated in one direction to ensure proper cooling.

The motor will be supplied with the industry standard CCW (counter clockwise) rotation as shown below. CW rotation is available upon request.



NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

80-287

General Information for Integral Horsepower (IHP) Motors on Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs)

Variable Frequency Drives (VFD)

A VFD is a type of controller used to vary the speed of an electric motor. The VFD takes a fixed AC voltage and frequency and allows it to be adjusted in order to get different speeds from the motor. Motor speed can be varied by changing the frequency of the input power waveform. The equation below shows how the frequency affects the speed of a three phase induction motor.

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{120 * \text{Fundamental Input Frequency}}{\text{Number of Motor Poles}}$$

How does a VFD work?

A VFD takes the fixed frequency and voltage sine wave from the power grid or power station and puts it through a few steps in order to allow the VFD user to vary the frequency and in turn control the motor speed. First it rectifies the AC power into DC Power. Because of this step, a term commonly used instead of VFD is inverter. This only describes one step of what the VFD does to the power waveform. Once rectified into a DC voltage the drive sends the power through a set of transistors or switches. These switches can take the DC waveform and by opening and closing at certain speeds and durations can create an output waveform that mimics the sine wave that is required to drive a three phase electric motor. The output wave form is known as a Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) waveform because the waveform is created by multiple pulses of the switches at short intervals.

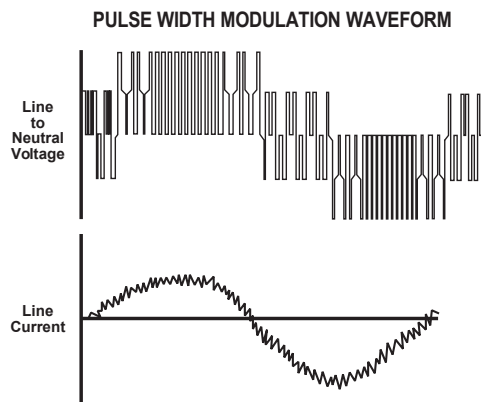


Figure 1 PWM Waveform

What variables should be considered when deciding whether to power a motor with a VFD?

VFD compatibility with motors is complex. As a result, many variables must be considered when determining the suitability of a particular motor for use with a VFD. These variables include:

- Torque requirements (Constant or Variable)
- Speed Range
- Line / System Voltage
- Cable length between the VFD and the motor
- Drive switching (carrier) frequency
- Motor construction

- VFD dv/dt - winding end turn differential in voltage versus differential in time
- High temperatures or high humidity
- Grounding system

Wider speed ranges, higher voltages, higher switching frequencies, insufficient grounding and increased cable lengths all add to the severity of the application and, therefore, the potential for premature motor failure.

How does a VFD affect the motor?

There are many things to consider when a motor is powered using a VFD or PWM power. When a motor is powered by a PWM waveform the motor windings very often see a large differential voltage, either from phase to phase or turn to turn. When the voltage differential becomes large enough it creates a reaction at the molecular level that converts available oxygen into O₃. This phenomenon is called partial discharge or corona. This reaction creates energy in the form of light and heat. This energy has a corrosive effect on the varnish used to protect the motor windings. PWM waveforms can also magnify shaft voltages which lead to arcing across the bearing and causing premature bearing failure. Corrective action must be taken to mitigate these issues that arise when using an electric motor with a VFD.

How do I protect the motor?

Nidec Motor Corporation (NMC) has developed specific motor designs to decrease the harmful affects that a VFD can have on a motor. NMC's INVERTER GRADE[®] insulation system is the first line of defense against corona and phase to phase faults that can be common when a motor is powered using a PWM waveform. The INVERTER GRADE[®] insulation system is standard on all of NMC's Inverter Duty products. Along with the INVERTER GRADE[®] insulation, thermostats are installed as a minimum protection against over heating the motor. Special consideration must also be given to bearings in motors powered by VFD's. In order to create a low resistance path to ground for built up shaft voltages a shaft grounding device can be used. On larger horsepower motors an insulated bearing system should be used in conjunction with the shaft grounding device when installed, to force the stray shaft voltages to ground. The bearing failures are more prominent on motors with thrust handling bearings. NMC has created an Inverter Duty vertical motor line that not only uses the INVERTER GRADE[®] insulation system, but that also comes standard with a shaft grounding device. On motors that are 100 HP and greater the thrust bearing is also insulated for additional protection.

What does "Inverter Duty" mean?

An Inverter Duty motor should describe a motor that helps mitigate potential failure modes of a motor that is powered by a VFD. Inverter duty motor windings should be able to withstand the voltage spikes per NEMA MG1 Part 31.4.4.2 and protect against overheating when the motor is run at slow speeds. On thrust handling bearings it is apparent that the bearings require additional protection. Inverter Duty vertical motors should have a shaft grounding device to protect the motor bearings from fluting due to voltage discharge through the bearing. On larger motors (100HP and larger) the shaft should also be electrically isolated from the frame in order to aid the shaft grounding ring in discharging the shaft voltages to ground.

*This information applies only to Integral Horsepower (IHP) motors as defined on the Agency Approval page, under UL[®] & CSA[®] listings where indicated.

Motor / Inverter Compatibility

Thermal Overloads and Single Phase Motors

Motors with thermal overloads installed may not operate properly on a VFD. The current carrying thermal overload is designed for sine wave power. Operation on a VFD may cause nuisance tripping or potentially not protect the motor as would be expected on line power. Thermostats or thermistors installed in the motor and connected properly to the VFD may provide suitable thermal overload protection when operating on a VFD. (consult codes for installation requirements)

Single phase motors and other fractional horsepower ratings are not designed to be operated on a VFD. Within Nidec Motor Corporation standard products, all motors NEMA[®] 48 frame (5.5" diameter) and smaller are not suitable for VFD applications. Three phase 56 and 143/145 frame applications should be noted on the catalog price page; or if in doubt ask a Nidec Motor Corporation technical representative for recommendations on compatibility with a VFD.

Slow Speed Motors

Motors with a base design of slower than six poles require special consideration regarding VFD sizing and minimizing harmonic distortion created at the motor terminals due to cable installation characteristics. Additional external PWM waveform filters and shielded motor cables designed for PWM power may be required to provide acceptable motor life. Harmonic distortion on the output waveform should be kept to a minimum level (less than 10%) mismatch impedance.

690V Applications

Motors that are rated for 690VAC and that will be powered by 690VAC PWM VFDs require the use of an external filter to limit peak voltage spikes and the use of an INVERTER GRADE[®] motor. Where available, an alternative to using an output filter is to upgrade to a 2300V insulation system.

Low Voltage TITAN[®] Motors

When using 449 frame and larger motors on PWM type VFDs consider the use of an external filter and shielded motor cables designed for PWM power to minimize harmonic distortion and peak voltages at the motor terminals. Harmonic distortion on the output waveform should be kept to a minimum level (less than 10%).

Bearing Currents Related to PWM Waveforms

Protection of the motor bearings from shaft currents caused by common mode voltages is becoming a standard feature on Inverter Duty motor products. Some installations may be prone to a voltage discharge condition through the motor bearings called Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) or fluting. Vertical HOLLOSHAFT and HOSTILE DUTY World Motor come with grounding devices installed as standard. EDM damage is related to characteristics of the PWM waveform, and the VFD programming, and installations factors.

Bearing Protection on Inverter Duty Vertical Motors

All U.S. MOTORS[®] brand "Inverter Duty" vertical products have a shaft grounding system that allows damaging shaft currents a low resistance path to ground. **Bearings on vertical motors fed by VFD power without this bearing protection are not covered under any warranty.** All other bearing failure is covered per NMC's standard warranty. An electric motor repair shop approved to service U.S. MOTORS[®] brand motors must verify that the cause of the bearing failure was not due to EDM damage.

Guideline For Insulated Anti-Friction Bearings

Bearing insulation is required to prevent circulating shaft currents which can damage bearings. Circulating shaft current can be caused by use of improper power and/or ground cables, improper grounding systems and higher switching frequencies. Finding and correcting the external condition(s) is the responsibility of the system designer or specifying engineer. To prevent circulating shaft current in motors with anti-friction bearings, Nidec Motor Corporation's standard practice is to insulate the non-drive end bearing.

Adjustable Speed Drives produce a common mode voltage condition. To interrupt common mode voltage on induction motors of all sizes, NEMA MG1-2018 Part 31 recommends insulating both bearings. In cases where both anti-friction bearings are insulated, the system designer or specifying engineer should determine whether to apply one or more of the following options to prevent or reduce shaft currents: sinewave filters, line reactors or mechanical devices, such as shaft grounding or an insulated half coupling. Motors with shaft grounding devices are not suitable for installation in hazardous locations unless housed in an enclosure suitable for the specified Division (or Zone), Class and Group(s).

Multiple Motors on a Single VFD

Special considerations are required when multiple motors are powered from a single VFD unit. Most VFD manufacturers can provide guidelines for proper motor thermal considerations and starting/stopping of motors. Cable runs from the VFD and each motor can create conditions that will cause extra stress on the motor winding. Filters may be required at the motor to provide maximum motor life.

Grounding and Cable Installation Guidelines

Proper output winding and grounding practices can be instrumental in minimizing motor related failures caused by PWM waveform characteristics and installation factors. VFD manufacturers typically provide detailed guidelines on the proper grounding of the motor to the VFD and output cable routing. Cabling manufacturers provide recommended cable types for PWM installations and critical information concerning output wiring impedance and capacitance to ground.

Integrated Motor and Inverter

By integrating the motor and inverter at NMC's manufacturing facility, many of the motor compatibility problems are minimized or eliminated. During the manufacturing process, the motor is matched to the inverter characteristics which ensures the winding temperature and torque levels meet the design specification. Since the inverter output wiring to the motor is nearly eliminated, bearing currents are rarely experienced. When the unit is properly grounded, reducing the output cable lengths in conjunction with an inverter grade insulation system and low factory setting of the switching frequency of the inverter drive, results in low risk of voltage peaks produced by the PWM waveform.

Vertical Motors on VFDs

Vertical motors operated on VFD power present unique conditions that may require consideration by the user or installation engineer:

- Locked rotor and drive tripping caused by non-reversing-ratchet operation at low motor speeds. It is not recommended to operate motors at less than 1/4 of synchronous speed. If slow speeds are required contact NMC engineering.
- Unexpected / unacceptable system vibration and or noise levels caused by the torque pulsation characteristics of the PWM waveform, a system critical frequency falling inside the variable speed range of the process or the added harmonic content of the PWM waveform exciting a system component
- Application related problems related to the controlled acceleration/deceleration and torque of the motor on VFD power and the building of system pressure/ load.
- The impact the reduction of pump speed has on the down thrust reflected to the pump motor and any minimum thrust requirements of the motor bearings
- Water hammer during shutdown damaging the non-reversing ratchet

Humidity and Non-operational Conditions

The possible build-up of condensation inside the motor due to storage in an uncontrolled environment or non-operational periods in an installation, can lead to an increased rate of premature winding or bearing failures when combined with the stresses associated with PWM waveform characteristics. Moisture and condensation in and on the motor winding over time can provide tracking paths to ground, lower the resistance of the motor winding to ground, and lower the Corona Inception Voltage (CIV) level of the winding.

Proper storage and maintenance guidelines are important to minimize the potential of premature failures. Space heaters or trickle voltage heating methods are the common methods for drying out a winding that has low resistance readings. **Damage caused by these factors are not covered by the limited warranty provided for the motor unless appropriate heating methods are properly utilized during non-operational periods and prior to motor start-up.**

NEMA[®] Application Guide for AC Adjustable Speed Drive Systems: <http://www.nema.org/stds/acadjustable.cfm#download>

* This information applies only to Integral Horsepower (IHP) motors as defined on the Agency Approval page, under UL[®] & CSA[®] listings where indicated.

Warranty Guidelines for Integral Horsepower (IHP)* Motors on Variable Frequency Drives

Warranty Guidelines

The information in the following section refers to the motor and drive application guidelines and limitations for warranty.

Hazardous Location Motors

Use of a variable frequency drive with the motors in this catalog, intended for use in hazardous locations, is only approved for Division 1, Class I, Group D hazardous location motors with a T2B temperature code, with a limitation of 2:1 constant torque or 10:1 variable torque output. **No other stock hazardous location motors are inherently suitable for operation with a variable frequency drive.** If other requirements are needed, including non-listed Division 2, please contact your Nidec Motor Corporation territory manager to conduct an engineering inquiry.

575 Volt Motors

575 volt motors can be applied on Inverters when output filters are used. Contact the drive manufacturer for filter selection and installation requirements.

Applying INVERTER GRADE® Insulated Motors on Variable Frequency Drives (2, 4, 6 pole)

The products within this catalog labeled "Inverter Duty" or "Vector Duty" are considered INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors. INVERTER GRADE® motors exceed the NEMA® MG-1 Part 31 standard. Nidec Motor Corporation provides a three-year limited warranty on all NEMA® frame INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors and allows long cable runs between the motor and the VFD (limited to 400 feet without output filters). Cable distance can be further limited by hot and humid environments and VFD manufacturers cable limits. These motors may be appropriate for certain severe inverter applications or when the factors relating to the end use application are undefined (such as spares).

Nidec Motor Corporation's U.S. Motors® brand is available in the following INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors:

- Inverter Duty NEMA® frame motors good for 20:1 Variable Torque & 5:1 Constant Torque, including Vertical Type RUSI (10:1 V.T.)
- Inverter Duty motors rated for 20:1 Constant Torque
- ACCU-Torq® and Vector Duty Motors with full torque to 0 Speed or 5000:1
- 841 Plus® NEMA® Frame Motors

Applying Premium Efficient motors (that do not have INVERTER GRADE® insulation) on Variable Frequency Drives (2, 4, 6 pole)

Premium efficient motors without INVERTER GRADE insulation meet minimum NEMA® MG-1, Section IV, Part 31.4.4.2. These motors can be used with Variable Frequency Drives (with a reduced warranty period) under the following parameters:

- On NEMA® frame 447 and smaller motors, 20:1 speed rating on variable torque loads & 4:1 speed range on constant torque loads.
- On TITAN® 449 and larger frame motors, 10:1 speed rating on variable torque loads.

- On TITAN® frame motors, inquiry required for suitability on constant torque loads.

Cable distances are for reference only and can be further limited by hot and humid environments (refer to Table 1). Refer to specific VFD

Table 1 - Cable Distances			
Maximum Cable Distance VFD to Motor			
Switching Frequency	460 Volt	230 Volt	380 Volt
3 KHz	127 ft	400 ft	218 ft
6 KHz	90 ft	307 ft	154 ft
9 KHz	73 ft	251 ft	126 ft
12 KHz	64 ft	217 ft	109 ft
15 KHz	57 ft	194 ft	98 ft
20 KHz	49 ft	168 ft	85 ft

manufacturers cable limits. Refer to the Motor/ Inverter Compatibility page for special consideration of vertical motor bearings.

Warranty Period Clarifications and Exceptions

Standard Energy Efficient Exclusion

Applying Standard & Energy Efficient Motors on Variable Frequency Drives is not recommended. VFD related failures on standard and energy efficient motors will not be covered under warranty.

Vertical Motor Windings

Premium efficient vertical motors without INVERTER GRADE® insulation that are installed using the criteria described in this document and applied in the correct applications shall have a warranty while powered by a VFD for 12 months from date of installation or 18 months from date of manufacturing whichever comes first. See limited warranty page for horizontal motor warranty periods.

Bearing Exclusion for Thrust Handling Bearings

Bearings used in premium efficient vertical motors, and all thrust handling bearings, that are powered by VFDs without shaft grounding devices or insulated bearings (when required) will not be covered under any warranty for damages caused from being powered by a VFD. All other bearing failure is covered per NMC's standard warranty. An electric motor repair shop approved to service U.S. MOTORS® brand motors must verify that the cause of the bearing failure was not due to Electrical Discharge Machining.

Medium Voltage and Slow Speed Considerations

Motors that are rated above 700 VAC or that are eight pole and slower require special consideration and installation and are not covered under the warranty guidelines in this document. Motors that are rated above 700VAC have special cable length and voltage differential issues that are specific to the VFD type and manufacture. The motor construction and cost may vary dramatically depending on the VFD topology and construction. Contact your NMC representative with VFD manufacturer name and model type for application and motor construction considerations. Motors that are designed eight pole and slower also require special installation and filters per the drive manufacturer.

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